Athens. The people invaded the cases and smashed the portraits of the King. A crisis in the ministry of marine has been caused by the receipt of a telegram from an omcer with the eastern squadron saying: During the four days our fleet has spent at Skiathos we have been betrayed." The correspondent of the Standard at Athens says: "I understand that the Greek ously the cry was raised, nobody knows campaign in Epirus has been suspended for | how, that the Turkish cavalry were advancthe time being on account of events here. | ing. In the darkness it was impossible to The King has induced the minister of distinguish friend from foe. The first fugimarine to retain his office for the present. I tives from the front arrived at Larissa

The rumor that M. Ralli has been summoned to form a Cabinet was untrue, According to an official note the King yesterday told M. Delyannis that he would movement, everybody packing his goods for the future refrain from interfering in | and chattels, and preparing to flee from the any way with the direction of the campaign. Considerable excitement was caused | their hands, would speedily be sacked by in the city to-day by the presence in the | the bloodthirsty bashi-bazouks. streets of a large number of reservists whon the authorities had neglected to prostreet. There were no police in sight and e reservists completely wrecked the shop. At the same moment another gang of rioters pillaged two larger shops in the next street, without a single arrest. The cry was: 'We want to go to drive the Curks the ringleaders of the reservists include the people to acts of violence by assuring them that there were no troops left in the palace. Among the discontented reservists the most ncensed are the Greeks from Turkey, who claim that it is absolutely useless for them

day. He assured me that no communications marks that Greece is chiefly desirous of a rectification of the northern frontier in accordance with the treaty of Berlin, and that if this were done the government would

are certain to be massacred

A REPUBLIC POSSIBLE.

A dispatch from Athens says: Popular Teeling points to a revolution in favor of a republic. The citizens are greatly excited at the revelations made by former Minister Ralli as to the conduct of the held in Constitution square and other tion of "those who would betray Greece." and paraded the street in front of progress of events. Finally they proed to the royal palace, where, after traveled since the disaster at Larissa from

lo to Athens, says that he found all the towns through which he passed in a condition of great excitement. Nevertheless, the ple are perfectly orderly and, though nany are inclined to grumble, their indignation has not yet taken a definite form. | the positions abandoned by the Turks." A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from classona says that the Greek prisoners there aver that during the final struggle at Delller Crown Prince Constantine paraded a battalion near the troops actual engaged in conflict, with orders to fire upon them if they should give way. A special dispatch from Constantinopl says that a telegram has been received there from Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, announcing that a division of his army is on its way to Volo, the port of Thessaly, and that another di-

vision is en route to Trikhala. According to a special dispatch received here yesterday afternoon from Constantinople, the Turkish fleet has started for Salonica, where a naval battle between the Greeks and Turks is imminent. It is further reported that four Russian war ships are within view at the entrance of the Bosphorus. The Russian embassy, it is also stated, has a semiphore at Boyukdere, constantly exchanging signals with the Rus-

The European Cabinets are exchanging views with regard to the expediency of ting between Turkey and Greece. The Turkish government, acting upon the recommendations of the embassadors of the powers, has authorized the Greeks in the service of the consulates, hospitals, foreign ns and postoffice to remain in Turkey. All other Greeke, however, will have

FLIGHT OF THE GREEKS.

Prince Constantine's Hurried Departure from Larissa.

LONDON, April 27 .- A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Larissa by way of Elassona, dated Sunday evening, eulogizes Edhem Pasha's conduct of the campaign. The correspondent says: "We first drove back the Greeks by correct and patient strategy without hurry and without heavy loss, and then we crowned our general's cautious movements by a bold, irresistible blow. The greater part of the Greeks had taken to wild, disorderly flight before the Turks arrived. The Turkish officers believe it would have been impossible to rally fugitives who displayed such arrant cowardice. There was literally no limit to the Greek disaster. Crown Prince Constantine fled yesterday (Saturday) afternoon in the utmost fear of capture by the Turkish cavairy. According to all accounts they were close at his heels. Only another hour or two and Edham Pasha might have brought off his greatest coup.

"The rolling stock of the railway had all been sent to Volo and could not have been intercepted by our cavalry. The Turkish citizens of Larissa lived in terror of their lives on account of the threats of the Ethnike Hetairia. A Mussulman who had just been appointed civil Governor told me he had been unable to leave his residence during the last fortnight.

"I visited the town hall, where are the headquarters of the general who captured the town. He is an old, tanned, grizzled and good-natured warrior. He modestly said to me: 'My success is due to luck alone. We happened to be coming along and walked into the town. There was no right place. That was all."

In a word, the Turkish army entered the town in the guise of friends rather than of conquerors. Turkish sentinels were placed only allow the Greeks to see his ship's papers, and that he would report the outreally unnecessary. Greeks and noncombatant refugees were not molested, and when they discovered this they began to prome ade the streets freely. When the main body of the Turkish troops entered | Sultan has recalled Osman Pasha in order this evening the inhabitants received them | to avoid embarrassing Edhem Pasha. with the wildest joy, with salutes, embraces and kisses. I myself was kissed on both cheeks, dragged to a cafe and compelled to drink because I wore a fez. This apparent anomaly is explained by the fact that the arrival of the Turks was the home-coming of many who had been driven away by the Greeks a month ago, and who had gone to Salonica and there volunteered to fight under the Turkish flag. As illustrating the moderation and the discipline displayed by the Turks, I can truthfully say that an orderly crowd of Englishmen on Derby day is much more violent and difficult to restrain.'

The correspondent of the Times at Volo will say to-morrow: "The direct cause of the panic at Tyrnavo was a rumor that the authorities had ordered the inhabitants to evacuate the town and the report that the Turks were approaching. The population immediately decamped in the direction of Larissa in carriages, carts, on horseback and afoot. They were soon joined by other crowds coming along the cross-road from the fighting line. Then the confusion became indescribable. Some of the fugitives fired at their own countrymen in the darkness, believing them to be Turks. After comparing many conflicting accounts, I believe the following to be substantially correct: About sunset it was observed at the selected for the headquarters of the Greek staff that the right wing was being turned by the Turkish cavalry. Accordingly, orders were issued that as soon as it became dark the force should retire to Larissa. At the same time this intelligence was transmitted by flash signals to the Greek troops on the heights beyond, in order that they might take the necessary steps for their own safety. These orders reached the first line about 8:30 and the movement to retire began immediately. The men were tired, hungry and sullen, having been kept all day under artillery fire without the excitement of real fighting. Those who have experienced real war-

cumstances, are apt to lose cohesion and discipline and how, as the result of some little accident, an orderly retreat may degenerate into a disorderly stampede. In this case the accident seems to have been the flash signals on the heights, which were interpreted to mean that those positions were being taken by the Turks. Simultaneabout 1 o'clock in the morning, when everybody was in bed. The news spread like wildfire, and soon the whole town was in doomed city, which, once delivered into

"Early in the morning Crown Prince Constantine and his staff left for Phersala. vide with arms and ammunition But this incident made much less impresor with uniforms. They are high- sion than might have been expected. By ly incensed at being thus kept idle this time a large crowd had assembled at while the Turks are advancing. This after- the railway station in the hope of getting roon a strong band of them pillaged a gun- away by the early train, but most of them smith's shop at the corner of Hermes | gradually convinced themselves that this way of exit was hopeless and went to seek other means of transportation.

When I reached Volo I found the panic already beginning, though it was momentarily stopped by the arrival of a dozen Turkish prisoners, tied together with cords out of Greece.' Great crowds then went to and headed by their commanding officer, a the palace square, where they verheard grave, fine-looking Turk of the old school, who looked with imperturbable calm and dignity at the excited crowd around him. This was about 1 o'clock in the afternoon. Since then the excitement has steadily increased. It is generally believed that the bashi bazouks may arrive at any moment. The regular steamer service having been to return to Turkey without arms, as they nterrupted, fabulous sums are being given "I had an interview with M. Delyannis to- | for passages by irregular and 'tramp' boats. had yet been exchanged between Greece noticed a worthy paterfamilias carrying that the wedding will take place this spring. loaded rifle, though in reality there is no immediate danger, as the Turks cannot ar rive here for several days and will be in no hurry to come within reach of the guns then accept autonomy for Crete under of the Greek fleet while there is a possi-European guarantee."

Of the Greek fleet while there is a possi-ble concentration of the Greek army in the gagement of Miss Meta to Congressman rear at Phersala."

Hugh R Relknap of Chicago at once The

FIGHTING IN EPIRUS.

Reports from Colonel Manos, Commander of the Greek Army. ATHENS, April 27.-Manos telegraphs campaign. Yesterday large meetings were from Arta to-day: "Fighting has been in have been in possession of the knowledge progress at Pentepigudia since morning. places and flery harangues have been de- The result is not known here. The Greek livered by well-known orators in denuncia- troops occupied strong positions in the pass. Another engagement took place this morn-The fall of the Ministry is regarded as cer- ing at Plaka, the result of which is not tain. Yesterday afternoon five hundred yet known, since the enemy maintains his men formed themselves into a volunteer body, forced their way into the gunsmiths' body, forced their way into the gunsmiths' lifticted great damage at the villages of Mass., completing his education at Phillips partment Commander Edwin Nicar, assistshops, armed themselves with rifles and re- Kalentzi and Eortosi, where the Turks are concentrated. The Turks left the route from Ralif's residence. Several deputies ex- | Pentepigudia to Janino open. The Greek ported them to remain calm and to await | cavalry reconnoitered without encountering the enemy until about eight hours' ride from Pentepigudia, when they met three making a demonstration, they dispersed hundred Turks, who fired upon the Greeks L) of Chicago. He is now serving his sec- of Elkhart, delegate to the State Encampwithout effect. The Turks have abandoned the entire Louries valley and the country A correspondent of the Times who has around Souli. The situation at Prevesa is satisfactory. The Turks appear to be much discouraged, and their garrison has been diminished by wholesale desertions. We need reinforcements and mountain batteries. We have captured a large quantity of ammunition, and especially for artillery use, in

SCENES AT LARISSA.

Perfect Discipline Maintained by the

Victorious Turks. LARISSA, April 27.-The correspondent army never saw such perfect discipline as when the victorious Turks occupied Larissa. The peace was not disturbed in a single quarter of the town. As an instance of the strictness of the orders against abandoned half-closed store, seized by a patrol and arrested. Several cafes are already doing business. The correspondent has just lunched in one. Practically the whole Greek population fled from the town, One of the few persons who remained informed the correspondent that there was a continual exodus throughout Saturday. Only a number of volunteers remained, who, the moment the regular troops had gone, began pillaging the stores and also liberated the criminals from the jail. The released prisoners joined in looting, and the volunteers afterwards began to shoot ceding week, had been maltreated by the Greeks whenever they appeared on the streets. It is stated here that before the Greeks fled Prince Constantine, the Greek commander-in-chief, begged them to remain and face the enemy; but they refused, and a regular sauve qui peut ensued. The Greeks actually jeered at the crown prince as they refused to face the enemy. The Greek soldiers are furious at the Ethnike Hetairia, the Greek national league. They seized all the members of that organization they could find, saying: "It is you who have brought all this misfortune upon us." The Greek prisoners are well ! treated by the Turks, and a Greek officer He remarked to the correspondent: "We were always told the Turks were barbarous, but I should like to see more of this sort of barbarity among our own people." A Greek paper published here, of campaigns ends the war. Grant was a man which the correspondent procured a copy, of action. He fought to win and he won. is full of the most gross misrepresentations At the moment the Turks were entering the plain of Thessaly it announced that the ing place the most splendid tomb ever Turks were in full retreat, and that the Greeks would die to the last man before they would allow a single Turk to enter | aside the veil that hides the secret places Greece. The Turks have sealed up all the of the hearts of his countrymen, and there banks, business houses and other places | you will behold the great trio of heroic containing money or other valuables, and |souls-Washington, Lincoln, Grant." have placed armed guards over them.

Excitement at Salonica.

LONDON, April 27 .- Special telegrams received here during the afternoon from Salonica say that the greatest excitement prevails there on the report that five Greek ironclads, thirteen smaller Greek war ships and torpedo boats, accompanied by two Greek transports, have been sighted sixty miles from that port. The Turkish authorities, the dispatches further announce, are preparing to resist an attack of the Greek

The Portuguese gunboat Guadiana arrived at Salonica to-day. Her commander reports sighting. They ran away and I was in the having met two Greek cruisers and two Greek torpedo boats about twenty miles from this port. The commander of the The Greeks and the Turks fraternize. Greek squadron ordered the commander of the Portuguese gunboat to go on board the largest of the Greek cruisers. The Portuguese officer protested, saying he would rage to Lisbon.

Osman Pasha Recalled.

LONDON, April 27.-A special dispatch from Constantinople announces that the

Campaign in Thessaly Ended. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 27.-The campaign in Thessaly is considered practically ended. Troops from Anatolia are arriving at Rodosta en route for Salonica to reinforce the army in Epirus.

GONE TO THE WALL

Failure of One of the Best-Known

Banks in the South. NORFOLK, Va., April 27.-Business circles were startled to-night by the news of the assignment of N. Burruss, Son & Co., one of the most prominent and widelyknown banking firms in the South. A deed was filed at 7 o'clock transferring to Judge Theodore S. Garnett, assignee, all properties held by Captain Burruss individually or as a firm, to secure creditors. The liabilities amount to between \$340,000 and \$350,000, and the assets are stated by the firm to be \$400,000 available, with nominal assets much more. It is stated that the bank will pay out even, and this is probably a fact, as most of the property transferred wind up the business at once.

is valuable city real estate. In addition to this there is a large amount of personal property. The assignee is instructed to Captain Burruss gives as the cause of the failure hard times and a great demand for money. One hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars has been withdrawn from the bank since July 1, and, though offers of assistance were received from numerous banks at home and abroad, including \$60,000 offer from Richmond, it was deemed best for the protection of the depositors as well as the firm to assign at once. The bank was established in 1864, and did an immense business. Its failure was surprise to every one, as it was conidered one of the most substantial in the country. It is the largest bank failure here since the noted Bain Bank broke, over a decade ago. It is impossible at present to estimate the effect it will have on business | w raw troops, under such cir- here, but it will be large.

CUPID AND MISS STEELE

DAUGHTER OF CONGRESSMAN WED CHICAGO CONGRESSMAN.

Hamilton County Clubs Listen to Grant Address by Charles F. Coffin -Other State News.

CHICAGO, April 27. - A dispatch to the Times-Herald from Washington says the announcement was made yesterday of the engagement of Hugh R. Belknap, member of Congress from Chicago, and Miss Steele, daughter of Congressman George W. Steele of Marion, Ind. Miss Steele is twenty-two years old and has been here all winter. She returned to her home at Marion, Ind., several weeks ago to prepare for the wedding, and now Mr. and Mrs. Steele have gone home. Miss Steele has been very popular in Washington society. The Steeles and Congressman Belknap all live at the Ebbitt House, where the young couple first met. Miss Steele is a tall, stately blonde and beautiful. She is the only daughter, while his only son is a cadet at Annapolis. Major Steele has been in Congress many years. "While out for a walk this morning I It is said by friends of the Steele family A telegram from Marion, Ind., announces that Congressman George W. Steele, wife and daughter, arrived there to-day and the public announcement is expected of the en-Hugh R. Belknap, of Chicago, at once. The expectation is that the wedding will be solomnized during the summer or fall. During the time the family of Major Steele has been here in the last year the visits of Congressman Belknap have been fre quent and prolonged, and favored friends the engagement for several months. Miss Steele is a charming girl, and has been carefully educated, is a brilliant conversationalist, an accomplished musician

and a beautiful girl. Hugh Reid Belknap was born in Keokuk, Ia., Sept. 1, 1860. He attended the public of eighteen he entered the service of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, retiring in 1892 as chief clerk to the general manager to become superintendent of the ond term in Congress from the Third district of Illinois.

HAMILTON COUNTY CLUBS. All Join in a Big Grant Celebration at

Noblesville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., April 27.-The courtroom was crowded to-night with patriotic citizens of this city and county to celebrate the anniversary of the birth of General Grant. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Republican League of the Associated Press with the Turkish | clubs of Hamilton county, and was a great success in every particular. The occasion was observed with patriotic pride and in a most befitting manner. A fine musical programme by the military band of this city preceded the regular order of exercises. Dr. pillage, the correspondent has just seen a H. E. Davenport, of Sheridan, presided. Turkish soldier who took a shirt from an The orator of the evening was Hon. Chas. F. Coffin, of Indianapolis, born and raised in Hamilton county. His address was received with great favor. In part he said; "Early in the sixties an effort was made to dismember the Union, to snatch some of the brightest stars from the flag. American liberty was imperiled. American institutions threatened; thousands of the brave sons of the North found resting places beneath the green sward of billowy battlefields in order that only one flag should be unfurled over this fair land and that that should be the stars and stripes. The war developed many interesting personalities, but few great ones; among the latter were Lincoln and Grant. These grow taller as years go by. The possibilities of achievement and distinction under a Republican government are illustrated in the career of General Grant as in the lives of few Americans. To adequately comprehend the work of this illustrious son of the common people it is necessary to study his an-centry, his opportunity, his native endowments. In all he was most fortunate. Graduating at West Point, he did good service in the Mexican war under Taylor and Scott. Resigning from the army at thirty-two, he began a hand-to-hand strug-gle for support. He failed at everything; hope turned to ashes on the lips. When the war broke out he offered his services to the federal government, but his letter was unanswered. In 1861 Grant was so little known that he was refused a command, Four years later he was recognized as the who was seen by the correspondent had foremost military genius in the civilized been supplied with coffee and cigarettes, world. Such a passage from obscurity to eminence is possible only in America and under a government of the people, for the people and by the people. Once placed in supreme command a series of brilliant

INDIANA OBITUARY. Mrs. Mary J. Fuller, an Aunt of Actor

The American people to-day do honor to

erected to a citizen of the Republic. But if

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PERU, Ind., April 27.-Mrs. Mary J. Fuller, aged seventy-five, died this morning, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. B. E. Wallace, in this city, after an illness of one week with pneumonia. Mrs. Fuller was one of the most beloved women in this city. She was born in Vermont, and in an early day came to Indiana. She has lived in Richmond and Peru most of the time, and of recent years made her home with her daughter in this city. Mrs. Fuller leaves four children-Charles Fuller, a wholesale merchant, of Minneapolis; W. E. Fuller, of this city; Mrs. Frank Fowler, Grand Rapids, Mich., and Mrs. B. E. Wallace, Mrs. Fuller's maiden name was Skinner, and she was an aunt of Otis Skinner, the trage-

Other Deaths in the State. MUNCIE, Ind., April 27.-Caroline Helm,

widow of Robert D. Helm, late of Connersville, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, the wife of Professor J. W. Howard. She was past eighty years. JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., April 27.-John Herrod, aged fifty, one of the most widelyknown railroad men in the State, died this evening. He had been with the Pennsylvania Company twenty-two years.

SUICIDE FOR LOVE.

Miss Clara Jones Hanged Herself in Barn Near Bloomington.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ind., April 27.-Miss Clara Jones, an accomplished young woman north of this city, committed suicide yesterday evening under unusually sad circumstances. She was missed from the house and in about an hour ner mother found her ceeded in cutting the girl down before death ensued and made a heroic effort to save her life, but was unable to unfasten the rope. She went to the house to get a knife, and during her absence the daughter died of strangulation. She was driven to her rash act by a disappointment in love. Miss Jones was a member of one of the most prominent families in the county. Her father is a highly estimated local Methodist

CUMMINS HAS A RED PAST.

His Appointment as Elkhart Police Commissioner Causes Trouble.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. ELKHART, Ind., April 27.-There is great deal of excitement here over the apcolntment some time ago of John W. Cummins as a member of the Board of Police Commissioners and some of the circumstances that have resulted from it. Mr. Cummins had always been an aggressive Democrat and a leader in his party here, but last fall he worked and spoke for Mc-Kinley, which aroused the bitterest feeling on the part of his old political associates. When Governor Mount appointed him a member of the police commission the Democratic rage knew no bounds, and the per-secution ever since has been very decided. The climax was reached last Saturday, the hope of saving his life. Mr. Durham

charging Cummins, since he had qualified seven years and never had an accident of crowd of associates. The article also order. stated that Cummins carries a key to the rear door of the saloon. Among other things, it attacks his pension record, and rakes up the killing of a man by Cummins at Laporte a number of years ago, of which crime he was acquitted on the ground of temporary insanity. Cummins is greatly wrought up over the assault, and has employed as his attorneys James S. Dodge and Senator O. Z. Hubbell, who this morning served on Solomon M. Goldsmith, the editor of Mr. Conn's paper, the statutory notice that the article is defamatory and libelous. The Truth now has three days in which to retract or it will be obliged to defend an action for criminal libel, and as both the interested parties are good fighters a lively time is anticipated. In its article against Cummins the Truth says affidavits based on the charges are

being prepared and will be forwarded to Governor Mount with a demand that Cummins be removed. Payne Furniture Factory No More.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WARASH, Ind., April 27.-Thomas F Payne, of this city, this afternoon disposed of his extensive furniture manufactory here, which has lain idle for two years, to R. M. Kinney, a prominent citizen of Anderson, taking in exchange the Suman block and three dwellings, all at Anderson. amount represented in the transfer is \$62,000, the largest deal consummated in Wabash for years. Mr. Kinney will move to Wabash within the next month, and after overhauling the machinery in the factory and making a number of additions will put seventy men at work regularly turning out refrigerators and woodenware. The Payne factory was established in 1849, and was the oldest manufactory in the city. Its product had been sold largely throughout the middle Western States. Mr. Payne, who has been well known to the furniture trade for nearly fifty years, determined some time ago to retire from the manufacturing business, but was unable to dispose of the plant here, and finally shut down completely The factory for years was one of the leading industries in this city.

New G. A. R. Post Installation.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SOUTH BEND, Ind., April 27 .- Norman Eddy Post, G. A. R., the new Grand Army post just organized in this city, installed officers to-night at Maccabee's Hall. The attendance was good, Grand Army men be ent Commander Edwin Nica ed by the senior vice commander of Indiana, Elmer Crickett. The new post now numbers about thirty members and gives prom-South Side Rapid Transit Company (Alley | and has already elected Dr. F. S. Carlton, ment at Richmond next month, with H. C. Penwell, of this city, as alternate. The officers of the post are as follows: H. W. Perkins, post commander; Charles A. Pratt, senior vice commander; A. P. Matthews, junior vice commander: W. E. Gorsuch, quartermaster; W. G. Denman, chaplain; Milton Titus, surgeon; W. E. Brown, offi-cer of the day; W. S. Weaver, officer of the

Anti-Dance Lodge of Pocahontas.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., April 27.-Iaolia Lodge, No. 92, Daughters of Pocahontas, was in stituted in this city last night, with fifty charter members. Great Pocahontas Mrs. Sue Biddlecome, of Warsaw, was the installing officer. This is the third lodge of this order, which is auxiliary to the Red Men. in this city, and its organization is the result of peculiar reasons. Two years ago one of the other lodges adopted socials and had dancing on the programmes. Soon afterwards the other lodge adopted the same side feature, to the great objection of some of the members. These objectors took steps to organize an anti-dancing lodge, and the new lodge is the result, all mem-bers being compelled to sign an agreement that no dances shall occur in the lodgercom, nor shall the members attend a dance. Mrs. Sadie Langdon is the chief officer.

Northern Indiana Diocese. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARION, Ind., April 27.-The convoca tion of the northern deanery of the Diocese of Indiana began at Gethsemane Episcopal Church here this afternoon with a ladies' session, of which the following was the programme: Address by Mrs. White, president of the Woman's Auxiliary in the diocese; report of work from auxiliary branches within the deanery; paper, "The Quiet Hour; Its Benefits and How to Secure Them," Mrs. Albert Michie; paper, "Method of Organizing Auxiliaries," Latta; paper, "How to Awaken an Interthe Auxiliary and to Enlarge Its Work," Mrs. Frank C. Coolbaugh. At night Bishop John Hozen White delivered a sermon on "Woman's Work in the Church." The meetings will close to-morrow night.

Stabbed by Young Thugs.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 27.-Earl Delancy, who has been in trouble often before, used a knife with deadly effect on Walter Norris last night. Delancy and Frank Cooper started to call on a young woman named Mayme Watson, and found her walking with George Curtis. They kicked him into unconsciousness. Later some of Curtis's neighbors started after his memory by dedicating for his last rest- the young thugs. Walter Norris, a youth saw the two young rowdies, and pointed them out to the crowd. There was a fight, you would see his real mausoleum, put and Norris fell with a stab near the heart. Delancy was taken into custody, and bloody knife was found in his hand. He denies using the weapon on Norris.

Verdict for \$10,000 Knocked Out.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Ind., April 27 .- Judge Shively, in the Wabash Circuit Court to-day, gave judgment in favor of the defendant in the damage case of Henry Bane against the City of Huntington. Two years ago Bane was injured by an explosion of dynamite while working in a sewer at Huntington. and got a verdict for \$5,000 on the first trial. A new trial was granted and a verdiet for \$10,000 was given Bane, the finding being a special one. While the judge upholds the verdict he renders judgment for the city of Huntington on the ground that Bane was guilty of contributory negligence, having been careless in handling the explosive, though familiar with its dangerous

Tolleston Club Asks a Change.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CROWN POINT, Ind., April 27.-Attorneys for the Tolleston Club, of Chicago, appeared before Judge Gillette this afternoon and asked for a change of venue in their cases of Barney Whitlock, Alfred Taylor and the Blackburn brothers, who shot the farmer boys on the Calumet marsh in January. The change is asked for by the defense on the ground that probably not a single juror could be found in the whole county who could give the Tolleston Club a fair trial. Judge Gillette promised them the change, providing they would all be tried at once, but this does not suit the defense, and it is not yet settled. The trial is set for to-morrow.

Ten-Cent Cut in Block Coal Scale. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BRAZIL, Ind., April 27 .- A committee of the block coal operators of this district and seven delegates representing the miners, met here to-day to arrange a scale for the coming year. The operators proposed a scale of 60 cents per ton, which is a 10-cent reduction. The meeting then adjourned. A mass meeting of the miners will be held here to-morrow to consider the proposition. A prominent miner said to-day that the reduction would not be accepted, as the miners had anticipated a small raise. The operators claim that the reduction was made necessary by the cuts recently made in competing fields.

Church Bids Opened at Hartford City.

Special to the Indianapelis Journal. HARTFORD CITY, Ind., April 27 .- Today the new Catholic Church contract was bid on as follows: J. O. Clemens, Indianapolis, \$12,265; William Link, Marion, \$11,409; G. B. Lehman, Dayton, O., \$10,986; Krauss & Caldwell, Hartford City, \$9,935; Marion Hathaway, Redkey, \$9.935; G. C. Fudge, Dunkirk, \$9,228; Reikman & Son, Kalamazoo, \$7,148. Reikman & Son's bid was accepted. The contract includes only the erection of the building. Other work is estimated to cost \$3,000. When completed this will be one of the finest church edi-

fices in the city. An Old Engineer Loses a Leg. Special to the Indianapolic Journal.

SEYMOUR, Ind., April 27 .- Theodore Durham, a resident of this city, has been dangerously ill for some time with gangrene, the result of an ingrowing toenail Yesterday the lower leg was amputated in when ex-Congressman Conn's daily paper, is a railroad man, fifty-three years old. He mense crowd in the municipal stand oppothe Truth, came out with a leading article | fired seven years and ran an engine twenty- site the reviewing party sang national was hung with the colors of Cuba Libre.

as police commissioner, with having entered any account. The loss of his leg will ena saloon on Sunday morning and treating a title him to \$3,000 from the B. of L. E.

> Octogenarian Comes to Life Again. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SEYMOUR, Ind., April 27 .- John Waggoner, residing near Treetown, this county, was reported dead last Saturday, of old age, being eighty years old. The attending physician pronounced him dead and the relatives were telegraphed for and all preparations made for the funeral, when signs of life began to appear, and yesterday slight breathing was perceptible, and by night he had recovered sufficiently to speak. As he has been in very feeble health for some time, his recovery is not expected,

Oil Boom at Alexandria. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ALEXANDRIA, Ind., April 27.-As a result of the phenomenal strike in the Carver oil well, two miles north of this city, Alexandria is being overrun with agents of the different monopolies who are endeavoring to lease land for drilling purposes. Prospectors, drillers, leasees and speculators are pouring into the city in such force that the hotels are crowded. The Carver well still continues to increase its output and is now gushing oil at the rate of three hundred barrels per day. Two tanks have been constructed and a pipe line is being laid to the L. E. & W. Railroad. The oil is said by experienced drillers to be of a far better quality than the Jay county product and compares favorably with the Pennsylvania product.

The "Coupon" Business Stopped. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., April 27.-Muncie merchants to the number of eighty-four completed an organization to-night and nounced that on and after May 1 will refuse to accept or give out coupons to patrons. Two companies have been receiving a big profit at the expense of the merchants who were forced to redeem the coupons from the companies and they in turn gave out periodicals free to the holders. The scheme has been worked here and elsewhere on a

Judge Hord for Holman's, Place. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., April 27 .- About fifty prominent Democrats of this county met cided to present the name of Judge Francis I. Hord before the convention which will nominate a candidate for the late Judge Holman's successor, and which will probably be held at North Vernon. They also passed resolutions of respect for Judge Th

Boy Killed in a Hoop Factory.

Holman

special to the Indianapolis Journal, Studer, fourteen years old, was instantly killed at Geneva by being whirled around the line shaft in a hoop factory, going at first known of the accident was when Studer's body was seen revolving through the air. His neck and both arms were broken, both shoulders dislocated and his feet pounded to a jelly. The boy was not an employe of the factory, but was assisting his father.

Hymera Miners Will Be Paid.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBURN, Ind., April 27.—The Hymera Coal Company will change management in a short time and pay the miners the back pay due them, which will amount to about \$1,500, and resume operation in a short time. The Gold Standard mine, near Hymera, which has been idle, will resume operation in a short time, as Terre Haute capitalists have taken charge of the mine and will equip it with new machinery of the most modern improvement.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PORTLAND, Ind., April 27.-Harry Tarr, broke jail last night, and has not yet been captured. He forced a ventilator and then knocked a hole in the brick wall. The othwrecking, made no effort to get away. Tarr lives at Hartford City, and was under arrest for robbing the safe in Bert Wise's restaurant at Dunkirk.

Marion Spencer House Change, Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARION, Ind., April 27.-A deal was closed here to-day by which W. E. Turpin, of Peru, takes charge of the Spencer House, to succeed Newell and Stoddard Mr. Stoddard, of the old firm, will remove to Milwaukee. The new proprietor will take charge of the hotel the first of May.

May Bore for Gas at Dublin. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DUBLIN, Ind., April 27.-For some time parties from Anderson have been here prospecting for gas, and it is believed the fluid in paying quantities can be found. Three hundred subscribers have been promised, and, in all probability, several gas wells will be drilled before the snow falls.

Indiana Notes.

The Elwood City Council has authorized the school trustees to erect a new high school building that will probably cost Dr. Glen D. Kimball has been appointed

coroner of Grant county to succeed Dr. C.

B. Vigus, who recently resigned on account

of contemplated removal from the county.

TWO GRAND PAGEANTS

(Concluded from First Page.) the guardsmen from New Jersey, Ohio and

the Sons of Confederate Veterans-youths Osborn, with the America for a flagship. whose sires "took their horses home with them" at the mandate of the great general in whose honor the march was made. But | B. Dalzell as flagship; the commodore in the enthusiasm reached its climax when the division led by Major General O. O. Howard marched into view. The old veterans were given the greatest honor of all the marchers. As a relief from the constant blue came the independent companies, the gray-clad cadets, the insignia covered benevolent, religious and temperance orders. It would be impossible in any country other than the United States to duplicate a procession which would call up so many memories of war and peace, of days of gloom and days of sunshine. And all along the line, in regimental colors, guidons, banners-gleamed old glory, while from thousands of throats of brass rang out the strains of music martial and reminiscent, inspiring and harmonious. AT THE REVIEWING STAND.

Promptly at 12:40 the head of the parade appeared in sight a few blocks below the reviewing stand and was halted to allow the presidential party to finish luncheon. It was 1 o'clock before it got into motion again, when the President, escorted by Mayor Strong, went to the reviewing stand and the men-of-war began firing the salute. With General Dodge and his brilliant staff rode Chief Joseph, the Nez Perce Indian and Buffalo Bill. The West Point cadets marched next, with their usual precision, and were loudly applauded, as were the battalion of the United States engineers. Ninth Regiment United States Infantry and a battalion of United States Artillery. These were socceeded by the first squadron, Sixth United States Cavalry, and a troop from the Military Academy. The force of the United States navy, which followed under command of Captain James H. Sands, presented a fine appearance. The first battalion of United States Marines, in command of Major C. F. Williams, and the Second Battalion of United States Seamen, commanded by Captain Wallace, shared with the Third, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Battalions United States navy the applause caused by their excellent appearance. The second division of the miltary land division was headed by the National Guard of the State of New York. At 2:30 p. m. heavy clouds appeared over

the palisades and the unceasing wind blew great clouds of dust into the eyes and nostrils of the National Guard and the spectators on the stands on the left of the roadway. President Mckinley and other distinguished gentlemen reviewing the parade had frequently to turn their backs to the soldiers to avoid being blinded by the dust. The Pennsylvania troops headed the third division and were greeted with hearty apclause as they rounded the turn and began the ascent to the reviewing stand. Governor Hastings was at the head of the Quaker troops, with Commander Thos. J. Stewart. Governor Hastings was not in uniform, but wore a frock coat and a high hat. The occupants of the stand rose en masse to greet the popular Governor. The First Brigade of Pennsylvania was composed of the First, Ninth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth and Nineteenth Regiments and the Governor's troops. The Keystone state troops fully lived up to their reputation as marchers and were greatly admired. New Jersey's soldiers followed the Pennsylvanians. They were headed by Governor Griggs and General William I. Striker, of

the Governor's staff. SOLDIER-LIKE JERSEYMEN. During the intermission between the Pennsylvanians and the Jerseymen the im-

hymns. The troops from New Jersey were | As the Sloan steamed up the river the band the Third, Sixth and Seventh Regiments, | played the national air of each country Gatling Gun Company E and Second Troop | while passing its representative or visiting Cavalry. In soldier-like appearance and war ship. When the Sloan reached the marching order, they were not surpassed by the men who had preceded them. Following the Jerseyites came the troops Cuban national war song, while the pasfrom Connecticut. Anead of them, in carriage, rode Governor Lorin A. Cooke. | the Spanish vessels maintained a dignified Next came the Massachusetts militia, silence. headed by Governor Roger Wolcott and staff, most notable of all was the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston, commanded by Colonel Henry Walker. Maryland's famous regiment, the Fifth, of Baltimore, came in the wake of the Massachusetts forces. Their band played "My Maryland," and the crowd cheered to the echo. The minuamen from New Hampshire wore Continental unitorms and marched with precision to the accompaniment of a quickstep by the band. Next came the Virginia soldiery, General Chas. J. Anderson

Richmond Blues made a great showing. Two | were in the upper West Side, along the companies of colored troops also made good appearance in the Virginia lines. The Grant party left the stand soon after the Virginia soldiers had passed. They were driven away in four carriages. Governor Lippett, of Rhode Island, lowed with his staff. Gov. Josiah Grout led on the north side of the monument floated the Vermont soldiers.

was represented by the Toledo Cadets, Provisional Brigade, First Provisional Regi- from many of the handsome residences that ment, Second Provisional Regiment and the light artiflery batteries. The Ohio troops saluted the President, who smiled and lixt-Gov. John R. Tanner, of Illinois, who, with his staff, all mounted on black horses.

alone represented Illinois, was kept busy

dotting his silk hat to the crowd. The District of Columbia sent a fine-looking lot of men in Zouave and cadet uniforms to represent the military prowess of the national capital. There was one company in green uniform, and it was very properly named the Emmet Guards. They came in for a lot of cheering, and they de- of the officials and other dignitaries was served it, because they showed the President lots of tricks in military maneuvers as they stepped past the reviewing stand. There was a long break in the line after the Washington Cadets had passed during the wait President Mckinley and the other members of his party left the stand to go on board the Dolphin, from which to review the naval parade. President was escorted to a carriage waiting, which conveyed him to Thirtieth street, in the St. Denis parlors to-night and de- from which point he was conveyed to the lagship. Mayor Strong and Vice President Hobart stayed on the platform after the President had departed.

The fourth division was made up of three brigades composed of cadets from various mintary schools in and around New York. followed the veteran grand division, under command of Gen. O. O. Howard and his staff, composed of the Grand Army of the Republic in this order: New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Connecticut, PORTLAND, Ind., April 27.-Henry New York and independent veteran organizations from various States in the country. As each veteran passed the tomb he showed a touching tribute to the memory of General Grant by removing his hat and walking past it with bared head. According to careful estimates made some time after the parade had started for review, there were between 58,000 and 60,000 men in line. Of this aggregate, the United States regular land and naval forces numered 4,000; National Guard of New York, %); and National Guard of other States, 17. 80. The G. A. R. veterans in line were computed at 10,000.

THE MARINE PAGEANT.

Assembling of the War, Revenue and

Merchant Ships in North River. The war ships which lay at anchor in the river in sight of the tomb claimed the attention of the crowd before the arrival terior of the commodious clubhouse preof the dignitaries and the commencement of the services of dedication. The river was dotted with small boats which were tossed about on the roughened waters and Burglar Escapes from Portland Jail. looked from the bluff like so many bobbing corks. All was life and bustle aboard the men-of-war. The merchant marine division was located in the lower bay. At 6 o'clock orders flashed from the flagship for the fleet to dress for the day's festivities. A er prisoners, one of whom is in for train few moments later a rainbow of colors began going up from the bow of the New York. Immediately every vessel in the fleet followed suit. The big ships made a mag-

> rainbows of bunting from bow to stern. The naval grand division was under the command of Rear Admiral Francis H. Bunce, U. S. N. The anchered vessels were: United States Steamer New York (flagship), Captain Silas Casey; Massachusetts, Captain Frederick Rodgers; Indiana, Captain H. S. Taylor; Columbia, Captain James N. Jones; Maine, Captain C. D. Sigsbee; Texas, Captain Wise; Raleigh, Captain J. B. Coghlan; Puritan, Captain J. E. Bartlett; Amphitrite,

nificent showing in their gala attire with

Captain C. I. Barclay; Terror, Captain F. H. Harrington The revenue marine contingent was as follows: Porter, Captain Abbey; Woodbury, Captain Hart; Dallas, Captain Rodgers: Hamilton, Captain Mitcheil; Windom, Captain Maguire.

The following were the lighthouse ten-Verbona, S. J. Howes, master; Axales, should call on me you can count on my C. I. Gibbs, master; Lilac, G. W. Johnson, master; Myrtle, Theodore Nickerson, mas-ter; Gardenia, G. E. Matthews, master; Armoria, William Wright, master. The foreign men-of-war were: H. M. S. Talbot, French corvette Fulton, H. I. M. S

Bogali, H. S. M. S. Infanta Isabella, H. S. M. S. Maria Teresa. The marine division which was scheduled to leave the lower bay at 2 o'clock was divided into four divisions, each commanded by a commodore. The Rear Admiral in Hearty, too, were the plaudits accorded command of the entire division was F. G. The commodore in command of the first division was Fred Dalzell, with the Fred command of the second division was A. B Valentine, with the George Washburn as flagship. The commodore in command of the third division was M. Moran, with the P. H. Wise as flagship. The commodore in command of the fourth division was F. H. Boyer, with the Fortuna as flagship. The signal "dress ship" was the first maneuver of the day, and the nimble tars were upon every yardarm and top of the rigging in a trice. All the available flags and bunting aboard the war ship seemed to have been hauled out of lockers for the occasion. Strings of flags were run from the stern up to the masts and down again to the bow. The United States ensign flew at the stern of all our war ships and at the fore of all of the foreign vessels. The American war ships headed the line, which was made up with the flagship New York at the head. Behind the New York, and in the order named, lay the Indiana, Columbia, Maine, Texas, Raleigh, Amphitrite and Terror. Of the foreign war ships H. M. S. Talbot was given the position of honor, her commander, Capt. E. H. Gamble, being the senior officer. The other foreign war ships in line were the French corvette Fulton, H. S. M. S. Infanta Isabella, H. S. M. S. Maria Teresa and the Italian cruiser Dogali Commander Rightetti. Opposite the line of war ships were the revenue marine and the ighthouse tenders, eleven of the latter and five of the former. The dispatch boat Dolphin lay off above the war ships, decked profusely in bunting. She was to carry the

President later, when he reviewed the naval An interesting feature was the parade of the merchant marine, which was divided into four divisions. F. G. Osborne was the rear admiral in command the merchant marine on the flagship America. His command assembled in the upper bay, eastward of the center of the channel, on the Brooklyn side. The first division was composed principally of tugs and lighters belonging to the New York Central and Erie railroads. The second and third divisions were made up of tugs and steam lighters, with a couple of big ocean tugs in the lead. The fourth division consisted of sidewheel steamboats, foreign boats and tugs. Each division was divided into two squadrons, and there were about 150 boats in line. All the vessels were covered with bunting stiff as boards in the brisk wind and made a pretty and animated picture. The hour set for them to start up the North river was 2 o'clock, but as early as noon they began to assemble at the rendezvous. The black, wicked-looking torpedo boat Porter. sharply outlined against the white hulls of the United States squadron, rushed in and out of the naval lines, carrying orders, while the big patrol of the harbor police, with four steam launches as assistants, each newly painted for the occasion, scurried hither and thither on errands to the commanders of the merchant marine divisions. The parade was started in splendid order and maintained excellent order throughout, the flotilla turning the stakeboat, anchored half a mile above the head of war ships, in admirable style, and then stemmed the tide until all fell in, in quadruple columns, behind the monitors to await the coming of the President on the Dolphin. At 5 o'clock the fleets were reviewed, as described elsewhere. A unique feature of the naval parade was the appearance of the steamer Sam Sloan, decorated with Cuban flags, as she passed up and down North river. She had been chartered by some of the prominent members of the Cuban colony, and carried as guests President T. Estrada Palma and the

officers, of the Cuban legation and their

families. Every stanchion and flagstaff

Spanish men-of-war Infanta Isabella and Maria Theresa the band struck up the

THE DECORATIONS.

Profuse Display of Flags Along the Route of the Parade.

One of the most striking features of the day was the profuseness of the decorations, not only along the line of the big parade, but throughout the city generally. With the exception of Oct. 31 last-the occasion commanding. The brigade comprised the of the Republican business men's demon-Provisional Regiment, the Fourth Battai- stration-there has been no such display ion, better known as the Richmond Biues, of bunting in New York as has been pre-Company A, Third Eattalion, First and pared in honor of the interment of the Na-Second Battalions infantry. The famous tion's greatest soldier. Most lav, sh displays. route of the parade. Riverside drive, from Seventy-second street to Grant's tomb, was lined on its easterly side with stands and every foot of the front of these huge structures was covered with American mags. From a lofty flagstaff erected on a mound the largest American flag in the world. It Governor Bushnell, of Ohio, and staff, was visible from distant points of the were next in line. The President's State neighboring palisades and far up the Hudson. The stars and stripes were displayed federal government were all decorated with the national emblem. Here and there, in-terspersed with the national emblem, were to be seen the flags of other nations. The clubs on Fifth avenue were particularly lavish in decorating their handsome

buildings. Among the most artistic of these was the Colonial Catholic Union covered with bunting of royal purble hue. The front of the monument was adorned with Sannallias leaves, brought from South America, and laurel and Victory leaves were strewn about the foot of the columns. Many tropical plants were desplayed on the speakers' stand and on one side was a huge bank of American Beauty roses.

IN HONOR OF THE M'KINLEYS.

Dinners and Receptions to the Presi-

dent and Wife Last Night. NEW YORK, April 27 .- A dinner in honor of Mrs. McKinley, wife of the President, was given to-night by Mrs. Abner McKinley in the grand banquet hall at the Wind-Hotel. Covers were laid for thirty guests. Among those present at the dinner, beside the guest of honor and the hostess. were: Mrs. W. T. Strong, Mrs. Horace Porter, Mrs. Daniel Butterfield, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Mrs. W. Seward Webb, Mrs. C. Bliss, Miss Bliss, Mrs. Anson G. McCook, Mrs. Lyman J. Gage. Mrs. Robert P. Porter. Mrs. John S. Wise, Mrs. William Mc-Kinley Osborne, Mrs. Thomas L. James, McCallum (Secretary Sherman's caughter), Mrs. E. Milholland, Mrs. J. Addison Porter, Mrs. William R. Grace, Mrs. Gary, Mrs. Alger, Mrs. Griggs and Miss Mabel McKinley, niece of the President. While Mrs. Strong, wife of the mayor, was conversing with Mrs. McKinley, she suddenly swooned and fell to the floor. A physician said that her illness was due to a severe attack of indigestion. She soon recovered.

The reception to the President and Vice President at the Union League Club this evening was a fitting culmination of the day's events. Preparations for the event had been made in the most lavish and ex-tensive manner, and the exterior and inrived at Fo'clock. He was preceded by Vice President Hobart and the members of the Cabinet. The President was escorter by General Porter and J. Addison Porter, secretary to the President. The crowd in front of the clubhouse set up a cheer, and the Mexican band, which was drawn up on the opposite curb, played "Hail to the

More than one thousand invitations had been issued, and fully half that number were accepted, judging from the large assemblage. The invited guests included the diplomatic corps, Bishops Potter and Newman, Archbishop Corrigan and a host of foreign and American dignitaries. Many officers of the army and navy were also in attendance. Supper for the President and his party was served at a late hour in the alcove. The chef of the club displayed his culinary skill in a number of set pieces. among which were glace miniatures of the Wnite House and Capitol and figures of the President and Vice President. The other invited guests partook of an equally sumptuous supper in the main dining room, wante the members repaired to the smaller rooms the third and fourth floors, where a buffet supper was served. So great was the crowd that the billiard room had to be used for dining purposes. Costly souvenirs of the occasion, containing pictures of the

guests of honor were distributed among the distinguished guests.

Would Wear McKinley's Mantle. NEW YORK, April 27.-The Harlem Republican Club gave a dinner in the West End Hotel in memory of Grant. There were one hundred guests. Senator Joseph B. Foraker, of Ohio, was the chief speaker. In beginning his address Senator Foraker ders: Maple, A. D. French, master; Ci- said: "I did not come here to be nominated tania, C. W. Atkins, master; Cactus, G. H. for the presidency. I do not know that you Goddard, master; John Rogers, E. C. Bu- | will want to go to Ohio for another Presland, master; Mistletoe, S. D. Webber, mas- ident in the present generation, but if you

not refusing Celebration at Galena. GALENA, Ill., April 27.-The seventy-fifth anniversary of Grant's birthday was celebrated here under the auspices of the Grant Birthday Association. Galena was filled with visitors. The city was gaily decorated. An imposing street parade began the exercises. The Gration was delivered by Rev.

ROMEYN ON THE STAND.

Robert McIntyre, of Chicago.

Defendant in the Court Martial Case Almost Breaks Down.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 27.-Captain Henry Romeyn took the stand to-day at the court martial before which he is on trial and gave a version of his side of the case. It was very brief and developed nothing new. When the judge advocate had finished his searching cross examination, he inquired of the accused if he had any more witnesses to introduce this eternoon, "I hardly expected my examination to be conspeech ceased. It was evident to every one that he was on the verge of breaking down. When Captain Romeyn had reacned his chair he recovered his usual composure and stated that he had no more witnesses summoned for the day. "If the court please," said Judge Advocate Carbough, 'I would like to have Mr.

O'Brien examined this afternoon, as he is to be introduced as a witness for the de-Lieutenant O'Brien this afternoon," replied

"I am not in a condition to examine Captain Romeyn The court then adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Movements of Steamers.

NEW YORK, April 27.-Arrived: Circussia, from Glasgow; Cufic, from Liverpool, Sailed: Trave, for Bremen; Nomadic, for CROCKHAVEN, April 28.-12:20 a. m .-Passed: Teutonic, from New York, for Queenstown and Liverpool. NAPLES, April 27 .- Arrived: California, from New York via Genoa QUEENSTOWN, April 27 .- Arrived: Cata-

MARSEILLES, April 27,-Sailed: Britan-



onia, from Boston.

nia, for New York.

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